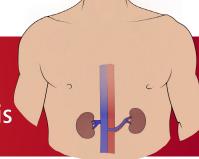


The science of health. The art of compassion.

### **Action Plan for Staying Healthy at Home** After Acute Kidney Injury while getting dialysis



This handout is a guick guide to staying healthy and safe at home. Follow these tips and all instructions from your hospital care team to help you avoid another hospital stay.

# Take Your Medicines



Some special guidelines to note:

- Do **not** take non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines (NSAIDs) unless approved by your doctor. NSAIDS include Ibuprofen, Advil, Naproxen, Aleve and aspirin. If you take aspirin for your heart, keep taking it as instructed by your doctor.
- Do **not** take Proton Pump Inhibitors such as Prilosec, Prevacid and Protonix.

## Go to Your Follow-Up Visits



It is **very** important to go to your follow-up visits with your primary care doctor or kidney doctor (nephrologist). Your doctor needs to see you at follow-up visits to check on your progress and make sure your medicines are working. They need to see you within 1 week of your hospital stay and then at least once a month for 3 months.

## **Action Plan for Staying Healthy at Home** After Acute Kidney Injury while getting dialysis

# Ways to Stay Well



- Go to your dialysis treatments and stay for the entire time.
- Check your weight, temperature and blood pressure daily. Don't take your blood pressure on the arm that has your dialysis line, fistula or graft. Write this information in a notebook each day and share with your doctor at your follow-up visit.
- Measure your urine output (pee) daily and write the amounts in a notebook. Bring the notebook to your follow-up visits and share it with your kidney doctor.
- Eat a healthy diet based on advice from your care team. Avoid salty foods and do not add salt to your food. Ask your doctor how much sodium (salt), fluids, protein, and potassium is safe to have each day and write it down below. Read food labels to find out how much sodium, protein and potassium are in a serving size.

Limit fluids to \_\_\_\_\_\_ liters a day Limit sodium to \_\_\_\_\_ milligrams (mg) a day Limit potassium to less than \_\_\_\_\_ milligrams (mg) daily Maintain protein intake of \_\_\_\_\_ grams (q) daily

- Exercise before starting any exercise program, ask your doctor if it's safe to do so.
- If need help quitting smoking:
  - Call the Ohio Quit Line at 1-800-QUIT-NOW or visit smokefree.gov
  - Find out if your insurance covers our UH Tobacco Treatment Counseling program. If so, you will need a doctor's order to use this service. To learn more about our program, call **216-896-1810**.

# Hang this on your refrigerator to remind you of reasons to call your doctor or 9-1-1



### **GOOD TO GO**

Follow the tips in this handout to help you to stay healthy and out of the hospital. Always monitor your health and be aware of the signs of new or worsening health concerns. Read below to learn when and who to call for help.



#### CAUTION

**Call your doctor's office right away** if you have any of the problems listed below. Your doctor may need to adjust your medicine doses and/or order blood tests. Keep taking your medicines as ordered until you see your doctor.

- Weight gain of 3 or more pounds in one day
- Blood pressure lower than \_\_\_\_\_ or higher than \_\_\_\_\_
- Swelling in the ankles, legs or belly
- Peeing (passing urine) less than usual
- Feeling short of breath with activity
- Feeling dizzy or faint
- Cough is worse when lying down
- Feeling feverish or have chills
- Fever higher than 100°F
- Feeling more tired or have less energy
- Headache or changes in vision
- Any other symptom that causes concern

My doctor's name:		
Office phone number:		



#### **STOP**

Call 9-1-1 right away if you have any of these problems:

- Feeling short of breath at rest
- Fainting
- Confused or others say you do not make sense